

LORENZO BARCOCK SON OF DOLPHUS AND JESSENA BOWLEY BARCOCK, WAS BORN 22 DECEMBER AT  
MINA GRIP, COUNTY NEW YORK. WHEN HIS FATHER AND MOTHER WERE CONVERTED TO THE CHURCH  
OF JESUS CHRIST OF LATER DAY SAINTS IN 1833 LORENZO WAS TEN YEARS OLD, THEY THEN MOVED  
TO CALDWELL, ILLINOIS, HE LATER WENT WITH HIS PARENTS INTO NAUVOO, ILLINOIS.  
IT WAS HERE HE MET AND MARRIED AMY ANN MARBLE IN 1844 AT THE AGE OF TWENTY ONE. AMY  
ANN WAS BORN 14 FEBRUARY 1826 AT HUNTSBURG, GEORGE COUNTY, OHIO TO NATHANIEL AND POLLY  
KING MARBLE. THEY WERE IN NAUVOO WHEN THE SAINTS WERE COMPELED TO LEAVE, THEY CAMPED  
ON THE BANK OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER WITH THE RIVER SEPERATING THEM AND NAUVOO.

THEIR FIRST CHILD WAS LISTED AS BEING BORN IN NAUVOO 27 FEBRUARY 1846. AFTER REPAR-  
ING THEIR EQUIPMENT AND MAKING READY FOR THE LONG TRIP ACROSS THE PLAIN. THEY LEFT  
FOR A PLACE THEY COULD WORSHIP AS THEY PLEASUED WITH OUT A MOB PERSECUTION. AT THIS  
TIME NO ONE KNEW WHERE THIS PLACE MIGHT BE FOUND, BRIGHAM YOUNG SAID: "WE WILL NOT  
STOP UNTIL WE FIND THE PLACE."

THE NEXT WE HEAR ABOUT THEM THEY WERE IN COUNCIL BLUFF, IOWA (WINTER QUARTERS).  
THEN CAME THE FAMOUS WORDS OF CAPTAIN ALLEN OF THE UNITED STATES ARMY WHICH WERE AS  
FOLLOWS: "I HAVE COME AMONG YOU, INSPECTED BY COLONEL S. F. KEARNEY OF THE UNITED  
STATES ARMY, NOW COMMANDING THE ARMY OF THE WEST, TO VISIT THE MORMON CAMPS, AND ACC-  
EPT THE SERVICE, FOR TWELVE MONTHS, OF FOUR OR FIVE COMPANYS OF MORMON MEN WHO WILL  
BE WILLING TO SERVE THEIR COUNTRY FOR THAT PERIOD IN OUR PRESENT WAR WITH MEXICO;  
THIS FORCE WILL UNITE WITH THE ARMY OF THE WEST AT SANTA FE, AND BE MARCHED THENCE  
TO CALIFORNIA, WHERE THEY WILL BE DISCHARGED. THEY WILL RECIEVE PAY AND RATIONS,  
AND OTHER ALLOWANCES, SUCH AS VOLUNTEERS OR REGULAR SOLDIERS RECIEVE, FROM THE DAY  
THEY SHALL BE MUSTERED INTO THE SERVICE, AND WILL BE ENTITLED TO ALL COMFORTS AND  
BENEFITS OF THE REGULAR ARMY." AS YOU READ THIS REMEMBER THESE LAST WORDS OF CAPTAIN  
ALLEN. LORENZO VOLUNTEERED AT THIS TIME INTO THE SERVICE OF THE MORMON BATTALION  
NOT KNOWING THE PERSECUTION THAT WAS IN STORE FOR THEM FROM THE REGULAR ARMY.

LORENZO MADE ARANGMENTS FOR HIS FAMILY TO BE TAKEN CARE OF IN HIS ABSENTS, THEY  
STARTED ON THE FIRST LEG OF THEIR JOUPNEY, AT NOON OF 21 JULY 1846 THEY LEFT COUNCIL  
BLUFF FOR FORT LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS.

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THESE MEN HAD TRAVELED MILES ILL EQUIPED AND HUNGRY, AFTER LEAVING THEIR HOMES IN NAUVOO WITH WHAT LITTLE THEY COULD CARRY IN WHAT FEW WAGONS THEY HAD, NOW COULD ONE KEEP THEIR PATIENCE AFTER SUCH A ORDEAL? BUT THE BATTALION DID. BEFORE THEY HAD TRAVELED FAR THEY FOUND WHAT THEY WERE TO PUT UP WITH, FROM THE START THE OFFICERS OF THE ARMY STARTED THEIR PERSECUTIONS OF THE BATTALION, THEY SUFFERED HUNGER, EXPOSURE, AND ABUSE BY THE OFFICERS, WHEN THEY BECAME SICK THEY WERE ADMINISTERED A GAGGING DOSE OF ARSENIC AND COLONEL, BY THE BATTALION SURGEON DOCTOR GEORGE SANDERSON WHO SOON WAS KNOWN AS DOCTOR DEATH BY THE BATTALION.

WHEN THEY ARRIVED IN SANTA FE, THEY HAD SEVENTY THREE SICK ON THEIR HANDS, WHICH THEY SENT BACK TO PUEBLO FOR THE WINTER. CAPTAIN ALLEN HAD TAKEN ILL IN LEAVENWORTH AND WAS LEFT THERE FOR HIS RECOVERY, BUT THEY RECEIVED WORD CAPTAIN ALLEN WAS DEAD, THE MEN LIKED AND RESPECTED CAPTAIN ALLEN AS HE DID THEM, HIS DEATH WAS A HEART BREAK TO THE BATTALION FOR NOW THEY WERE LEFT WITH OUT ANY HELP FROM THE ARMY.

THE FARTHER THEY WENT THE TOUGHER IT GOT, THEIR RATIONS HAD BEEN CUT SEVERAL TIMES, THE MEN WERE WORN OUT, THEIR FEET WAS GETTING BARE, THEY HAD LITTLE OUTER CLOTHING, WITH SO LITTLE TO EAT THE WINTER WINDS SEEMED TO PENETRATE THEIR BONES, THEY WOULD EAT THEIR OWN OVEN THAT HAD BECAME TO POOR AND WEARY TO TRAVEL, MANY OF THE MEN WERE DYING FROM EXPOSURE AND HARDSHIP, AND THROUGH THE MURDERIOUS DRUGGING OF DOCTOR SANDERSON. A NUMBER OF THE BATTALION TOOK SICK WITH CHILLS AND FEVER, AND WAS ADMINISTERED MEDICATION BY DOCTOR DEATH FROM A OLD IRON SPOON WHICH HE HAD ACQUIRED SOME WHERE IN HIS TRAVELS, AFTER THIS IT WAS CUSTOMARY FOR THE SICK TO BE MARCHED TO THE TUNE OF "JIM ALONG JOE" TO THE DOCTORS QUARTERS, FOR THEIR PORTION FROM THE OLD IRON SPOON, AND AS ALWAYS THE SAME OLD DOSE OF COLONEL AND ARSENIC. WORD GOT AROUND THE DOCTOR THOUGHT A NEW SPOON WOULD BE TO GOOD FOR THE MOORMONS, I SWEAR THE OLD IRON SPOON APPEARS IN THE BATTALION HISTORY AS THE MEN THEM SELVES.

AFTER TRAVELING THREE HUNDRED MILES BEYOND PUEBLO THERE WAS FIFTY FIVE MORE SICK TO BE SENT BACK TO PUEBLO, AMONG THESE MEN WAS LORENZO.

ON THE TENTH OF NOVEMBER EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND FORTY SIX THE SICK WAS ORDERED BACK TO PUEBLO FOR THE REMAINDER OF THE WINTER, THEY WAS PUT UNDER THE COORDS OF LIEUTENANT WILLIS.

THE COLONEL ORDERED THAT THEY BE GIVEN TWENTY SIX DAYS RATION, ALLOWING TEN OUNCES OF FLOUR PER DAY, (EIGHTEEN BEING THE USAL SOLDIERS RATIONS) THROUGH SOME OVER SIGHT IN THE LOADING THIS AMOUNT WAS NOT TAKEN. LIEUTENANT WILLIS WRITES:

"ACTIVE PREPARATIONS NOW COMMENCED TO CARRY EFFECT THE COLONEL'S ORDERS, AND BY FOUR O'CLOCK OF THE SAME DAY HAD COLLECTED OF INVALIDS FIFTY SIX ONE BIG GOVERNMENT WAGON, FOUR YOKE OF POOR CATTLE, FIVE DAYS RATIONS AND TWO DRESSED SHEEP, AS FOOD FOR THE SICK. OUR LOADING FOR THE ONE WAGON CONSISTED OF THE CLOTHING, FIVE DAYS RATIONS, BLANKETS, COOKING UTENSILS, TENT AND TENT POLES, MUSKETS, EQUIPAGE, AND PROVISIONS, AND ALL INVALIDS WHO WERE UNABLE TO WALK. WITH SOME DIFFICULT I OBTAINED A SPADE OR TWO AND A SHOVEL, BUT WAS PROVIDED WITH NO MEDICINES OR OTHER NECESSARIES FOR THE SICK EXCEPT THE NUTCH BEFORE REFERED TO, AND ONLY FIVE DAYS RATIONS TO TRAVEL NEAR THREE HUNDRED MILES".

THUS ARMED AND EQUIPED THEY COMMENCED THEIR LONELY MARCH, RETRACING THEIR STEPS BACK TO SANTA FE. THEY MARCHED THE SAME DAY ABOUT TWO MILES AND WAS VISITED BY CAPT. HUNT AND OTHERS, WHO SPOKE WORDS OF COMFORT TO THEM ADMINISTERING THE CHURCH ORDINANCES TO THE SICK, IN BIDDING THEM GOD SPEED THEY LEFT THE NEXT DAY. THEY RESUMED THEIR MARCH, CAMPING IN THE EVENINGS NEAR SOME SPRING. ONE YOKE OF OXEN GOT Mired IN THE MUD, THEY TOOK OFF THE YOKE AND GOT ONE OUT, THE OTHER THEY UNDERTOOK TO PULL OUT WITH A POPE AND UNFORTUNATELY BROKE ITS NECK. THEIR TEAM WAS NOW TOO WEAK FOR THEIR LOAD.

THEY KNEW NOT WHAT TO DO FOR A TIME, IT WAS A DARK TIME, AND MANY WERE THE PRAYERS THAT WENT TO OUR FATHER IN HEAVEN FOR DIVINE AID, THE NEXT MORNING THEY FOUND WITH THEIR OXEN TWO SPLENDID YOUNG STEERS, THEY LOOKED ON IT AS ONE OF THE PROVIDENCES OF OUR FATHER IN HEAVEN. THEY CONTINUED THEIR MARCH TO ALBUQUERQUE, WHERE CAPTAIN BUBBIN GAVE THEM FIVE DOLLARS IN CASH, AND THE PRIVILEGE OF EXCHANGING THEIR HEAVY WAGON FOR A LIGHT ONE. THEY REACHED SANTA FE. ABOUT NOVEMBER THE TWENTY FIFTH, HERE THEY OBTAINED FROM THE QUARTERMASTER TEN MULES AND PACK SADDLES, ROPES AND OTHER THINGS NECESSARY FOR PACKING. THE NEXT DAY THEY TRAVELED ABOUT TWENTY MILES AND CAMPED BY A BEAUTIFUL STREAM WHERE THEY HAD TO LEAVE ONE OF THEIR BROKEN DOWN MULES.

HISTORY OF LORENZO BABCOCK.

COMPILED BY ELVIN E. HADBY.

THEY CONTINUED THEIR MARCH FROM DAY TO DAY, TRAVELING THROUGH SNOW FROM TWO TO FOUR FEET DEEP, WITH COLD AND PIERCING WINDS. BEFORE REACHING THE TOP OF THE MOUNTAIN LIEUTENANT WILLIS DEFILED A REAR GUARD OF THE MOST ABLED MEN TO AID AND ENCOURAGE THOSE WHO BEGAN TO LAG BEHIND, AND FELT UNABLE TO PROCEED FARTHER WHILE OTHERS HE MARCHED AT THE HEAD OF THE COLUMN TO BREAK TRAIL THROUGH THE DEEP SNOW BANKS, AFTER SEVERE FROST BITES AND GREAT EXHAUSTION THEY SUCCEEDED TO THE TOP. THEY LOOKED INTO THE VALLEY OF THE ARKANSAS BELOW WHERE THE GROUND WAS BARE. THE DROOPING SPIRITS OF THE MEN CAME TO LIFE. THEY SOON DESCENDED TO THE PLAINS BELOW, WHERE THEY WERE COMPARATIVELY COMFORTABLE. FROM HERE THEY HAD GOOD TRAVELING AND PLEASANT WEATHER TO PUEBLO, THEY ARRIVED IN PUEBLO 24 DECEMBER 1846.

THEY LEFT PUEBLO THE FOLLOWING SPRING ON JUNE THIRTEENTH EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND FORTY SEVEN. ON THE NIGHT OF 16 JUNE 1847 THEY WERE CAMPED WITH IN ONE MILE OF FORT LARAMIE, ABOUT FIVE HUNDRED AND FORTY MILES WEST OF COUNCIL BLUFF.

WHEN IN LARAMIE THEY FOUND BRIGHAM YOUNG WITH HIS PARTY OF PIONEERS WERE MAKING THEIR WAY WESTWARD, THEY HAD PASSED THERE JUST TWELVE DAYS BEFORE. WITH A VIEW OF OVERTAKING THEM THEY MADE A EARLY START ON THE SEVENTEENTH AND FOLLOWED THEIR TRAIL. THE ROAD WAS BAD, ALMOST IMPASSABLE IN PLACES, THIS MADE THE TRAVELING NECESSARILY SLOW AND TEDIOUS; THEY GRADUALLY GAINED ON THE PIONEERS, WHOSE JOURNEYING THEY LEARNED BY FINDING A POST SET AT A CAMPING PLACE, WITH WRITING ON IT, SHOWING WHEN THEY HAD PASSED THERE. THEY GAINED WITHIN A DAY OF THE PIONEERS, THEY HAD TO HAVE THEIR ANIMALS SHED, THIS DELAYED THEM SO THEY ARRIVED IN THE SALT LAKE VALLEY THREE DAYS LATER ON 27 JULY 1847.

WHEN LORENZO RECEIVED HIS DISCHARGE, HE MADE READY TO RETURN TO COUNCIL BLUFF FOR HIS FAMILY. WHILE HE WAS ENROUTE TO COUNCIL BLUFF HIS SON DIED ON 9 AUGUST 1847.

THE HISTORY OF JUAN COUNTY STATES: "LORENZO BABCOCK RETURNED WITH HIS FAMILY IN 1848." I HAVE TO DISAGREE WITH THIS; THEY HAD THEIR SECOND CHILD IN MISSOURI IN 1848, I BELIEVE THEY RETURNED TO UTAH IN 1853 OR THERE ABOUTS. NEVER THE LESS HE SETTLED IN MONA, JUAN COUNTY, UTAH, HE HAD A BIG HAND IN THE SETTLING OF MONA.

LORENZO SEEMED TO LIVE IN MOST PLACES IN THE STATE FROM SPANISH FORK SOUTH WARD.

HISTORY OF LORENZO BABCOCK.

COMPILED BY ELVEN S. HALEY.

LORENZO AND HIS WIFE WENT TO PRICE SHORTLY AFTER PRICE WAS CLASSED A TOWN RATHER THAN A OUTPOST. THEY LIVED THERE SOME TIME, THEN LORENZO RECEIVED HIS PENSION FOR SERVICE IN THE MORMON BATTALION. AMY ANN MARBLE BABCOCK MUST HAVE DIED WHILE LIVING THERE OR THEREABOUTS, I HAVE BEEN TOLD BY SEVERAL PEOPLE SHE DIED AT PRICE AND WAS BURIED IN THE OLD PRICE CEMETERY, I HAVE FOUND NO RECORD STATING SUCH.

AFTER LORENZO WAS GRANTED HIS PENSION OF THIRTY SIX DOLLARS EVERY THREE MONTHS, HE MOVED BACK TO MONA. HIS FIRST CHECK WAS FOR FOUR HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS, HE SPENT MOST OF THIS IN PROSPECTING NORTH EAST OF MONA. HE BUILT A CABIN ON THE SIDE OF THE CANYON WHICH HE CALLED HOME, HE LIVED THERE FOR MANY YEARS.

WHEN HE BECAME TIRED OF PROSPECTING HE WOULD GO INTO MONA AND VISIT HIS RELATIVES FOR A WHILE, THEN HE WOULD RETURN TO HIS PROSPECTING. IT WAS SAID LORENZO WAS A AMBITIOUS MAN AND LIKED TO BE SELF SUPPORTING. HE WOULD CARRY HIS PROVISIONS ON HIS SHOULDER THREE MILES SOUTH EAST OF MONA. AFTER A BRIEF ILLNESS LORENZO DIED AT THE HOME OF HIS NIECE SYMANTHA YATES. HE DIED 16 MARCH 1903. HE WAS BURIED AT THE FOOT OF MOUNT NEMO, THE MOUNTAIN HE LOVED SO WELL, IN THE MONA CEMETERY. HIS HEAD STONE INSCRIPTION READS AS FOLLOWS:

"LORENZO BABCOCK FEBRUARY 23, 1823, MARCH 16, 1903, MEMBER OF THE MORMON BATTALION, ERECTED BY THE DAUGHTERS OF THE UTAH PIONEERS." LORENZO HAD LIVED A GOOD LIFE, HE LEFT A GOOD FAMILY HERE ON EARTH TO CARRY ON.

ISSUE OF LORENZO AND AMY ANN MARBLE BABCOCK.

GEORGE BORN 27FEB.1846 NAWMOO, HANCOCK, ILLINOIS, DIED 9 AUG. 1847 COUNCIL BLUFF, IOWA.

LORENZO WILLIAM BORN 15 JULY 1848 MAR. IDA ACRED, DIED 17 MARCH 1928,

JOHN ROWLEY BORN 10 FEB. 1852 SAVANNAH, MISSOURI, MAR. 7 NOV. 1874 TO AGUSTIA HANCHETT, DIED 13 SEPT. 1928 AT PRICE, CARBON, UTAH.

AMY ANN 1853...INFANT.

NATHANIEL BORN 14 JAN. 1854 MAR. LYDA FISHER SIMONS.

MARY ANN BORN 20 AUG. 1856 MANTI, UTAH MAR. 6 SEPT. 1872 JAMES DICKENS FULLNER, DIED 13NOV. 1927 PRICE, UTAH. JOSEPH..22 APR. 1859 SPANISH FORK, UTAH, MAR. Sarah ELWINA

NORTON 24 DEC. 1861 DIED MT. SIMONS, UTAH @ 2 FEB. 1936. JERUSHA JANE..BORN 2 SEP. 1865 FAYETTE, SANPETE COUNTY, UTAH MAR. HARTNETT DIED 21 APR. 1941.