

410 ✓
Staten Island and Its People

A HISTORY

1609-1929

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VOLUME II

LEWIS HISTORICAL PUBLISHING COMPANY, INC.
NEW YORK

1930

No further notice of Thomas Carle has been found, but in 1691 Thomas Carhart was a petitioner for land and his cattlemark was registered in the same year. He was a witness in 1692. He married Mary Lord in 1691.

Carleton—The residence of Charles G. Carleton is illustrated on the map of 1853, which also indicates his large property interests at that time.

Cary—Richard S. Cary was the son of Samuel Cary, an Englishman who came to Staten Island in 1769. Richard S. became a surveyor, school teacher, captain of Richmond County Cavalry and justice of the peace. He died in 1839, leaving two sons to maintain the high reputation he had established. Thomas S. Cary, his grandson, served in the Civil War; and Cary Avenue in West New Brighton is named for the family. William F. Cary, who was one of the founders of the Unitarian Church in 1851, may represent a different family.

Casier—Philip Casier, from Calais, came to New Netherland in the "Gilded Otter," in April, 1660, with his wife and four children. Their daughter, Sarah, married Jacques Guyon of Staten Island in 1680; John Casier, presumably their son, had his cattlemark recorded in 1681. John Cassee's land grant, 1697, was on Long Neck. Thus began a connection with Staten Island which continued until at least 1730. The connection, which includes land leased from John Belville in 1700, marriage with Susanne Le Conte in 1710, on the part of Philip Casier's descendants, seems to have been with the French people of Long Neck and Fresh Kill, except in the marriage of Philip, grandson of the immigrant, with Catharine Hooghiant.

Cazet—Ernest Cazet was a Frenchman who had acquired wealth by the time he was thirty so that he was able to buy the Anthon property on Grymes Hill in 1851. His house and the stone wall which is still a feature of Howard Avenue were built in 1855. He sold the house in 1860 to George Law and returned to France.

Cebra—John Y. Cebra, for whom Cebra Avenue is named, was an alderman of New York City who in 1836 purchased lots 32, 33, and 34 from Major George Howard. He sold them in 1852 to Dr. S. M. Elliott who built the house on them long owned by John Martin.

Chedayne—Jean Chedayne, disguised as "Mr. Shadijn," appears as collector of the west division in 1699, and with his sons, John and Henry, as signing an address to Lord Cornbury in 1702. His will in 1708 mentions his wife, Mary, his sons, respectively 25 and 23 years in the census of 1706, and three daughters, Elizabeth, Martha, and Mary. The last named was then the wife of Joshua Mercereau. Baird traced